CSVP 377 Diagnosis

Date: Sep 4 , 2020

Time: 10 : 30~16 : 00

Place: AHRI

專題演講(10:30~12:00):牛結節疹「防疫措施宣導」(林念農 簡任技正)及「病例 報告」(涂央昌 助理研究員)

本次會議組織病理切片資訊: http://140.120.114.107/slidecenter.php?id=468

Case 1. CSVP 2020-3073 (NTU2020-712B, NTU GIMCP, C.H. Shih, C.F. Lee, W.T. Chen, Y.H. Hsieh, Y.F. Jiang, H.W. Chang, and Y.C. Chang)

Oriental turtle doves (*Streptopelia orientalis*), adult, passed away one after another without apparent clinical signs since April.

Morphological diagnosis:

- 1. Nephritis, interstitial, locally extensive, subacute, severe, with intra-histiocytic microorganism, tubular necrosis, and calcification, kidney
- 2. Airsacculitis, fibrinous and granulomatous, diffuse, subacute, moderate, with intra-histiocytic microorganism, air sac
- 3. Hepatitis, lymphohistiocytic, diffuse, subacute, moderate, with hemosiderosis, multifocal necrosis and intra-histiocytic microorganism, liver
- 4. Serositis, fibrinous and granulomatous, diffuse, subacute, moderate, with intra-histiocytic microorganism, spleen, liver, gizzard, and intestine
- 5. Splenitis, granulomatous, diffuse, subacute, moderate, with hemosiderosis, spleen
- 6. Ventriculitis, fibrotic and granulomatous, moderate, chronic, with perivasculitis, erosion, and intra-histiocytic microorganism, gizzard
- 7. Pericarditis, granulomatous and fibrinous, locally extensive, acute, moderate, with intra-histiocytic microorganism, heart
- 8. Meningitis, granulomatous, focal, moderate, with intra-histiocytic microorganism, cerebrum

Laboratory examinations:

Warthin-starry, Giemsa, Brown and Brenn : (+); Acid-fast (-)

PCR for 16S rRNA gene of Chlamydiaceae

- FFPE sample: Positive
- Sequencing: Chlamydia psittaci

Etiological Dx.

Avian Chlamydiosis in Oriental Turtle Doves

Case 2. CSVP 2020-3074 (NTU2019-3329, NTU GIMCP, Y.C. Lai and W.H. Huang) Feline, 11-year-old, mongrel, neutered male. The mass at the tip of the tongue was

noted 2 months ago, and it got bigger gradually.

Morphological diagnosis:

1. Perivascular wall tumor (PWT), mass at the lingual tip

Laboratory examinations:

MT : (-); IHC: Alpha-smooth muscle actin, Desmin (+)

Etiological Dx.

A rare type of perivascular wall tumor (PWT) at the lingual tip in feline

Case 3. CSVP 2020-3075 (CD20024, ADDC NCYU, M. Huang, H.C. Kuo, C.L.

Chen, M.H. Chang, and D.Y. Lo)

Hy-Line layers, 41 to 45-week-old, showed clinical signs of green diarrhea and decrease egg production (from 75 % to 63 %) since one week ago. The mortality rate was 0.075 % (15/20,000).

Morphological diagnosis:

1. Airsacculitis, lymphohistocytic, multifocal, chronic, severe.

2. Bronchopneumonia, heterophilic, granulomatous, multifocal, subacute, severe

3. Oviduct, edema, segmental, acute, severe

Laboratory examinations:

Gallibacterium anatis: positive

PCR: Mycoplasma gallisepticum (+); Mycoplasma synoviae (+

IBV negative

Etiological Dx.

Complicated chronic respiratory disease in Hy-Line layers

Case 4. CSVP 2020-3076 (WA109-084, ADDC NPUST, J. H. Lin, J. A. Yang, and Y. C. Li)

Black swan, over 10 years old, right wing and pelvic limb were found unfunctional on 5/3. Depression, emaciation, and severe pododermatitis on both pelvic limbs were also noted, with an elevation in AST and decrease in PCV, TP and Ca were recorded. Morphological diagnosis:

- 1. Metastatic carcinoma (most likely metastasized from liver), kidney, bone (radius, femur, and tibia)
- 2. Pododermatitis, moderate, chronic, multifocal, bilateral plantar Etiological Dx.

Cholangiocarcinoma in Black Swan

Case 5. CSVP 2020-3077 (CS20-03164, GIVP NCHU & ADDC NCHU, Y.C. Chang, J.W. Liao, H.Y. Chiou)

Meerkat (Suricata suricatta), adult, male. The owner claimed that the adult meerkat kept with another conspecific was found reluctant to move 1 day before its death. At necropsy, whitish, soft, 2 cm in diameter mass located at right suprarenal region was found..

Morphological diagnosis:

- 1. Adrenal gland tumor, suspected pheochromocytoma, right adrenal gland
- 2. Cardiomyopathy, multifocal to coalescing, acute, moderate to severe, with contraction band necrosis and hemorrhage of coronary arterioles, myocardium, heart
- 3. Fibrosis, multifocal, chronic, moderate, myocardium, heart
- 4. Pulmonary hemorrhage, edema and emphysema, multifocal to coalescing, severe, acute, lungs
- 5. Zenker's necrosis and hemorrhage, multifocal, acute, moderate to severe, muscular diaphragm

Lab. examined:

	PCC	ACT
CgA	+	-
SYN	+	-
GFAP	-	-
Melan-A	-	+
Inhibin a	-	+
Calretinin	-	+

Etiological Dx.

Pheochromocytoma and associated cardiomyopathy in a meerkat

Case 6. CSVP 2020-3078 (CS20-03165, ADDC NCHU, Y.C. Chang, S.L. Chang, Y.X. Lin, H.Y. Chiou, and J.W. Liao)

Feline, 5-month-old, Ragdoll, intact male, showed clinical signs of sneezing and lacrimation. At necropsy, ascites, discoloration and rough-surfaced with white to yellow dots of bilateral kidneys were noted.

Morphological diagnosis:

 Vasculitis, granulomatous, multifocal, moderate to severe, kidneys, liver, lung, cerebrum, cerebellum and heart Lab. examined:

IHC, PCR/RT-PCRFCoV : positiveEtiological Dx.Feline infectious peritonitis in a cat